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CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

INFORMATION REPORT

COUNTRY

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Hungary

SUBJECT

Soviet Troop Exercises and Movements in Hungary

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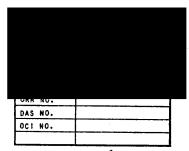
DATE (of info.) Fall 1953

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SOURCE

- 1. During the second half of Sep 1953 Soviet: armor and motorized infantry appeared in Gyor, Zalaegerszeg, Nagykanizsa and Papa, bound from Austria eastward. They were quartered for a few days in Hungarian barracks at these places, then empty. There was never more than a single regiment at any one place.
- 2. At the airfields of Nagykanizsa, Taszár and Pápa there were Soviet formations moving east from Austria. Equipment was carried in truck convoys to these airfields. Many rolling offices, kitchens and sleeping trailers were observed. This movement lasted from mid-Sep to mid-Oct 1953.
- 3. At the end of Aug 1953 a Soviet armored division was observed at Záhony, moving into Hungary. The troops were camped in tents in the Fehérgyarmat-Nyiregyhaza-Debrecen area, avoiding the larger towns.
- 4. Temporary Soviet tent camps have been observed at the following points since Aug 1953: Olad, in the forest near Narai and Dornoapati, Nagy Gecsen, Koszegfalva, Sorok Puszta, all of which are around Szombathely.
- 5. These Soviet troops held major march exercises. The motorized infantry went on foot, and the armor and artillery formations took all their weapons. Later motorized infantry formations held rapid movement exercises with their full equipment. These exercises lasted only a few days before the troops returned to camp. Later still there were exercises in day and night alarms, during which soldiers were called from movies and taverns, and in one or two hours left the camp areas. These rapid movements caused great alarm among the population, and

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there were constant rumors that something was happening, rumors strengthened by the presence of strong patrols.

- The small Soviet camps along the Rába river were evacuated in Sep 1953.
- 7. Soviet troops were encamped under canvas at Jánosháza (16 km west-northwest of Devecser), Egyházashetye (6 km northwest of Jánosháza), Zalavég (17 km southwest of Jánosháza), and Hosszupreszteg (11 km southwest of Jánosháza). These formations belonged to the garrisons of Szombathely and Körmend. They conducted seven-day march exercises, then returned to their camps.
- 8. There were also Soviet maneuvers at Platten Lake. Exercises took place also in the Tapolca area and the Bakony Mountains. At the latter there were long attack exercises.
- 9. A characteristic feature of all these exercises was that no major maneuvers were held. There were no large camps, and divisions did not maneuver against each other. On the other hand there were frequent cooperative maneuvers between planes and troops in small formations. Jet fighters nearly always took part.
- 10. In the area of Veszprém and Tapolca formations of parachutists were used.
- 11. In Sep 1953 a Sovieta quartermaster command seized a number of houses in Rábakovácsi. One of the cars bore the number C-7-82-14. Hungarian authorities warned the peasants to get their crops in quickly as the area was to be used for exercises.
- 12. In the first half of Oct 1953 new Soviet air formations arrived at the Papa and Daka Airfields. After staying for four or five days they went on eastward.
- 13. There is a Soviet division command in the camp at Kald, 13 km southwest of Celldomolk. The units of the division are round about in tents.
- 14. One of the main camps is at Farkaserdo, where 3,000 Soviets were encamped during the summer. The camp is between the Sarvar-Kald-Zalaszentgrot railroad and the river Raba. South of this camp, barely in contact with it, there was another Soviet camp at the village of Széplak.
- 15. Tapolea Airfield has been used by both Soviet and Hungarian planes since the middle of Jul 1953. The number of planes present changed frequently due to many participating in exercises. A Soviet flying school has been set up at the field, with 115-120 pupils, using YAK planes.

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